Economic Vitality and Education in the South (EVES)

The South's Pre-Pandemic Position Tennessee, 2019

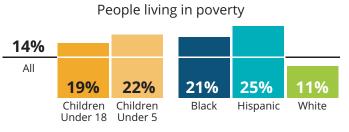


Poverty and Food Insecurity

Children eligible for free or reduced price lunch



59%



Children living in food insecure households



Median Household Income

household's

income

On average, people of color were paid less than White people.







Childcare and Early Childhood Education

Children under 6 with all caretakers in the workforce

65%

Families who lived in childcare deserts

48%

Four-year-olds enrolled in a public ECE program in 2020

27%

Annual childcare expenses should cost just 7%* of a family's income, but infant care for one child cost



Hispanic household's income



of the average White household's income

If infant care cost 7% of the region's median income,



just 14 of every 100 families could afford it.

Below the Proficient Level in (8th)

*according to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Performance on NAEP*

Below the Proficient Level in 4th Grade

Reading

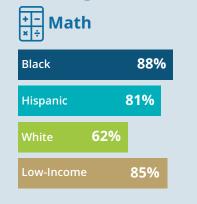
*National Assessment of Educational Progress



Redding		× ÷	
Black	83%	Black	77%
Hispanic	79%	Hispanic	81%
White 58	%	White 52%	
Low-Income	82%	Low-Income	78%

Black	84%	
Hispanic	78%	
White	62%	
Low-Income		83%

Reading



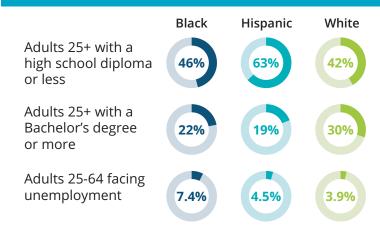
Grade

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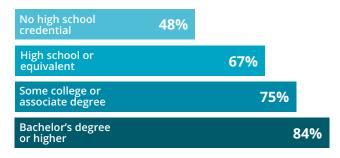
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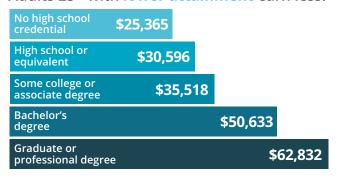
Attainment and the Workforce



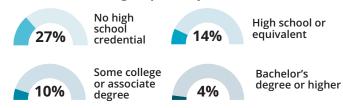
Adults 25-64 with **higher attainment** have a higher employment-to-population ratio — they are more likely to be in the labor force.



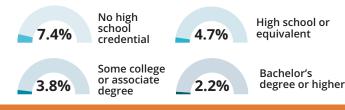
Adults 25+ with lower attainment earn less.



Adults 25+ living in poverty

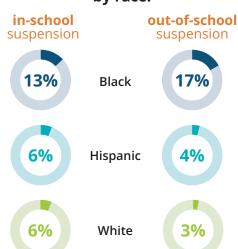


Adults 25-64 facing unemployment



2017-2018 School Discipline

Students who were suspended, by race:



School enrollments in the school year:

